

Lake Temescal

- Date** ▪ Aug 2020
- Location** ▪ Oakland, CA
- Application** ▪ Algae Control // Deep Water Oxygenation
- Lake Size** ▪ 10 acre, 100 Acre-ft
- Unit** ▪ 3x NEO O₂ 150 in trailers
- Installation** ▪ 1 Day



Algae Historically Faced
Cyanobacteria/Blue-Green Algae
Microcystis, Dolichospermum, Aphanizomenon
Filamentous
Lyngbya, Limnographis





Sonde 1, 2

Sonde 3

1x

2x

1x = 150 GPM NEO Trailer
2x = 300 GPM NEO Trailer

East Bay, Lake Temescal

Oakland, CA



10 Surface Acres
100 Acre-ft

Trailer 1: 150 GPM with O₂ gen

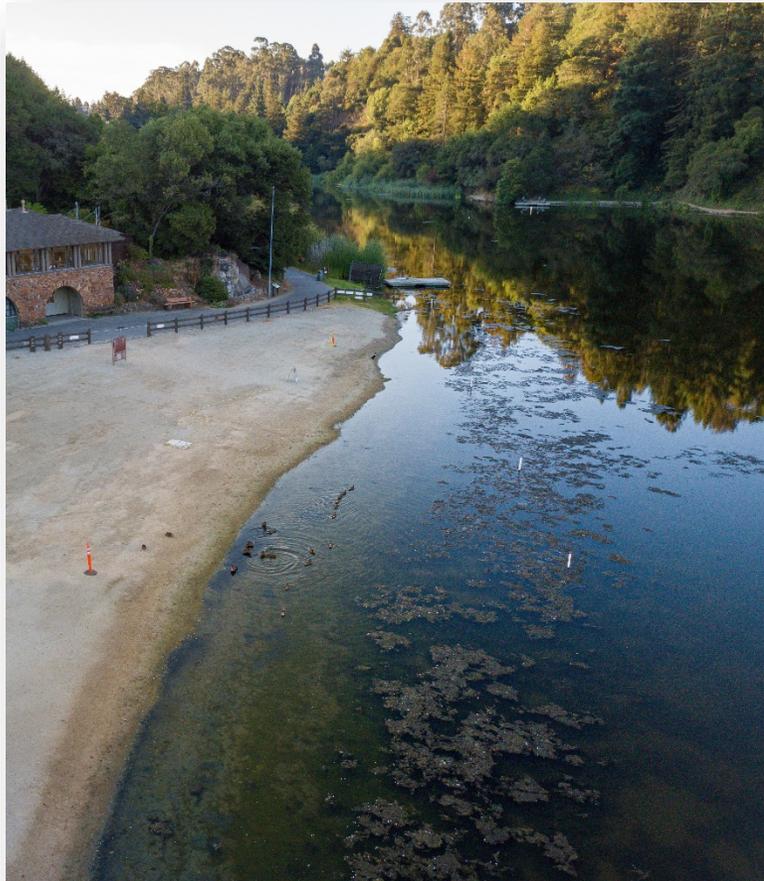


Trailer 2: 300 GPM with O₂ gen



Equipment and Installation

East Bay, Lake Temescal



Trailer 1: 150 GPM with O₂ gen

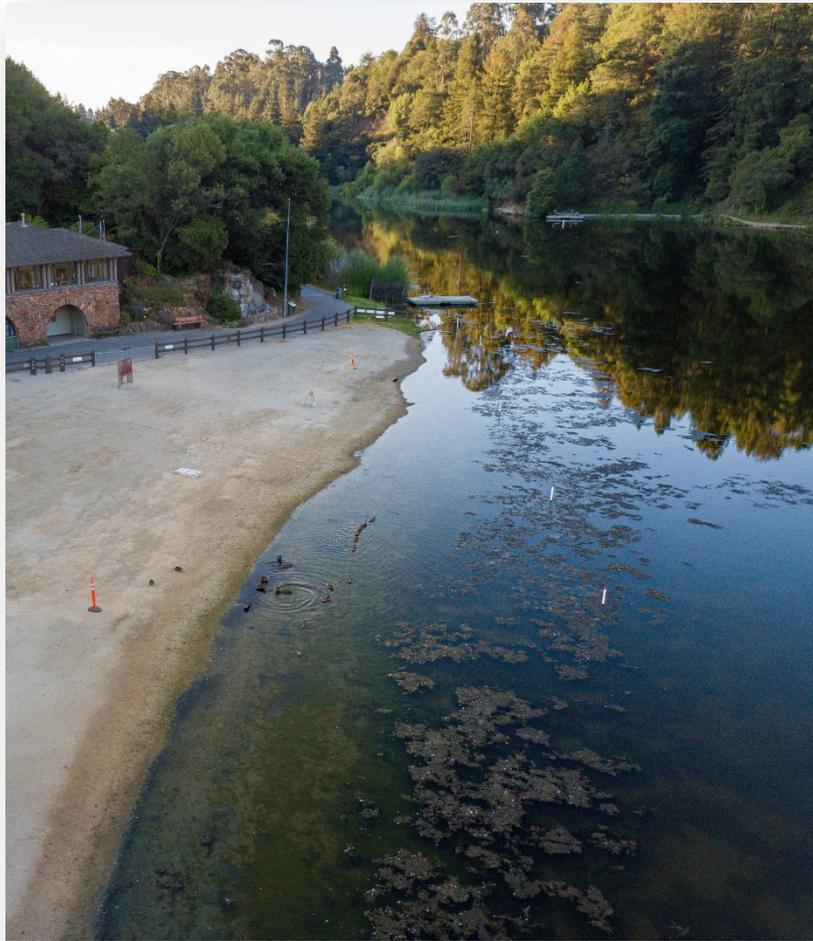


Trailer 2: 300 GPM with O₂ gen

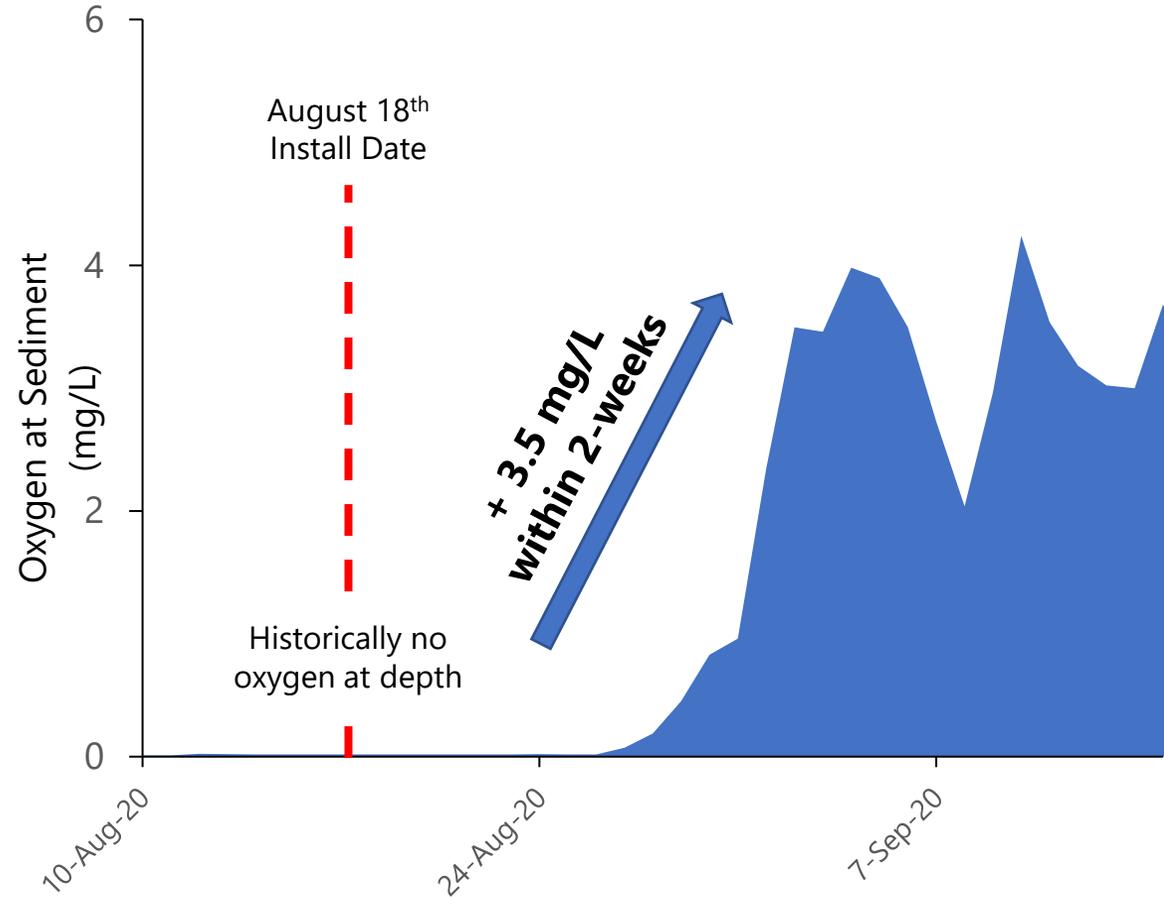


Water quality monitoring buoy

East Bay, Lake Temescal



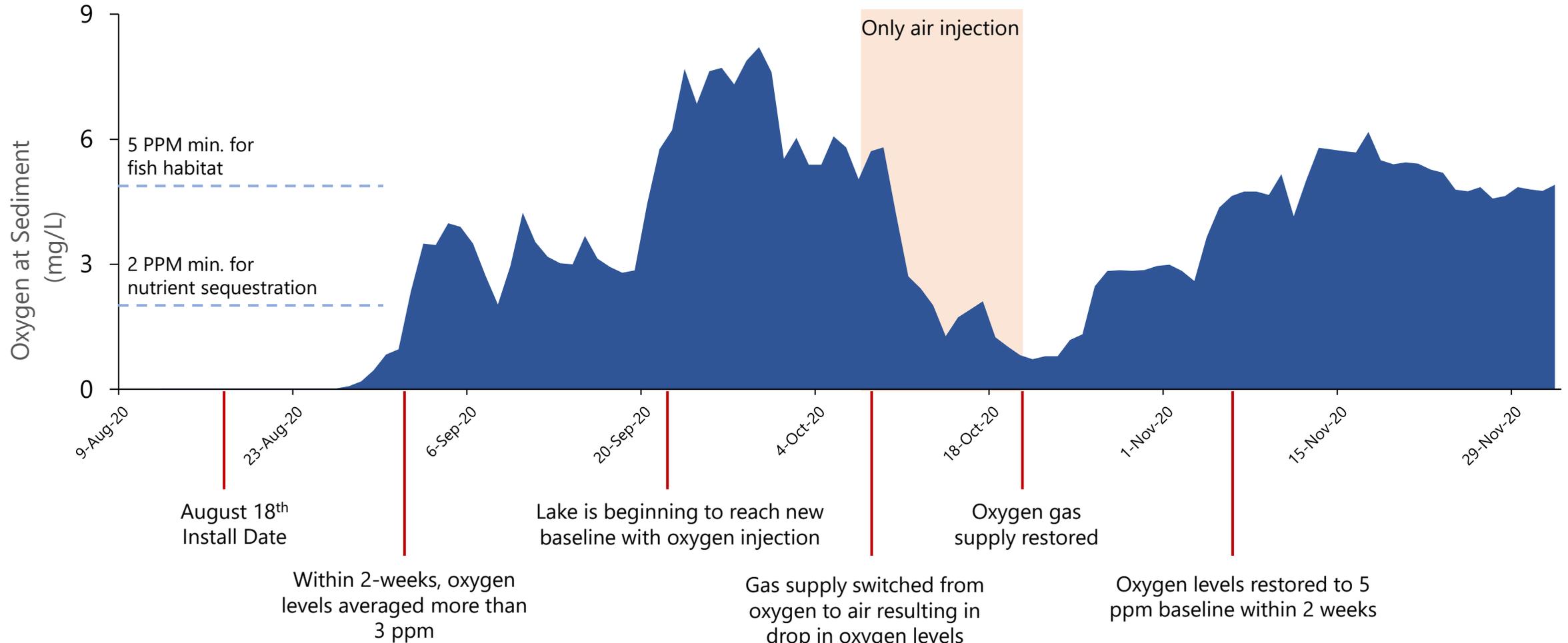
Algae blooms routinely caused public beach closure



Deep-water oxygenation can sequester nutrients and oxidize metals

Dissolved Oxygen Timeline

The lake faced historical low dissolved oxygen levels at depth resulting in high nutrient concentrations and algae blooms

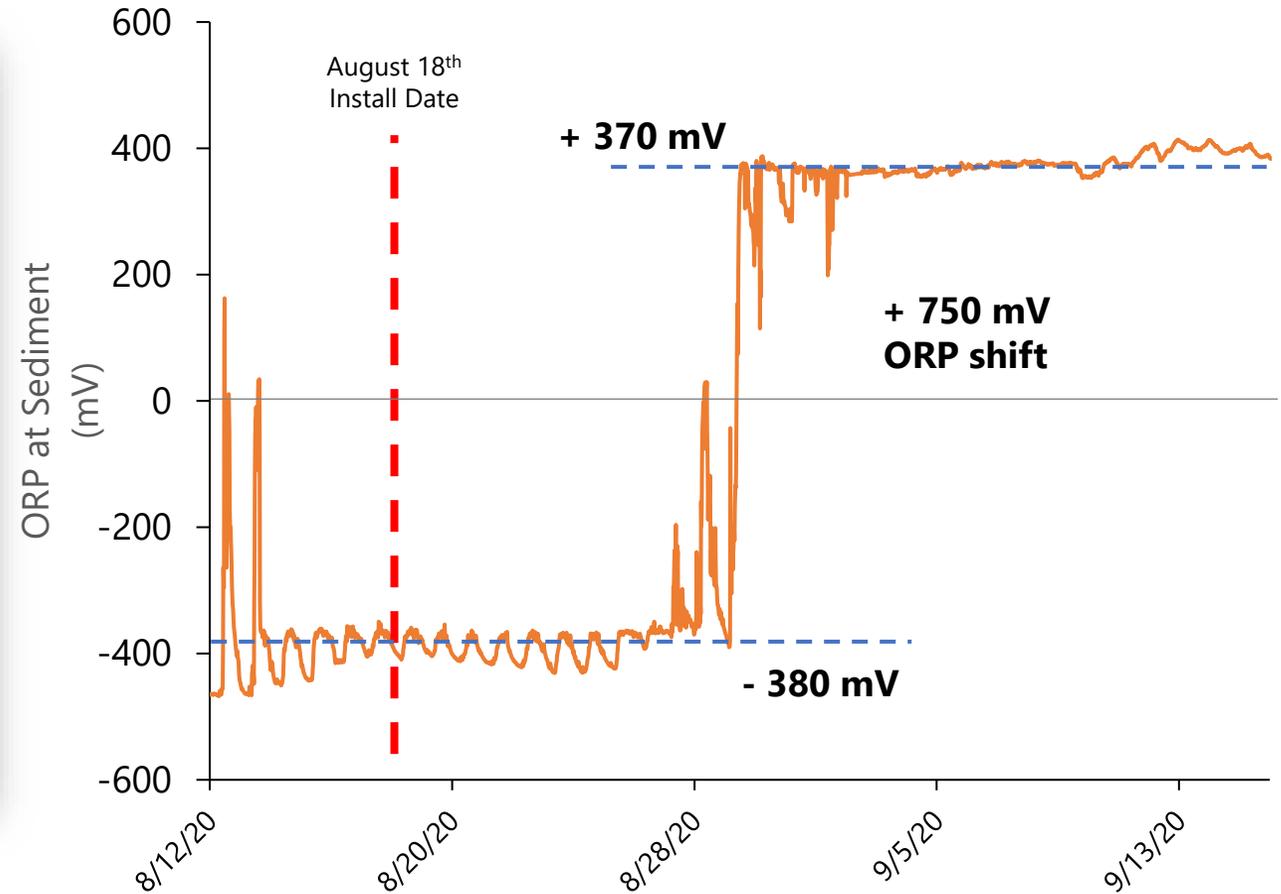


East Bay, Lake Temescal



Algae that persisted before nanobubble application

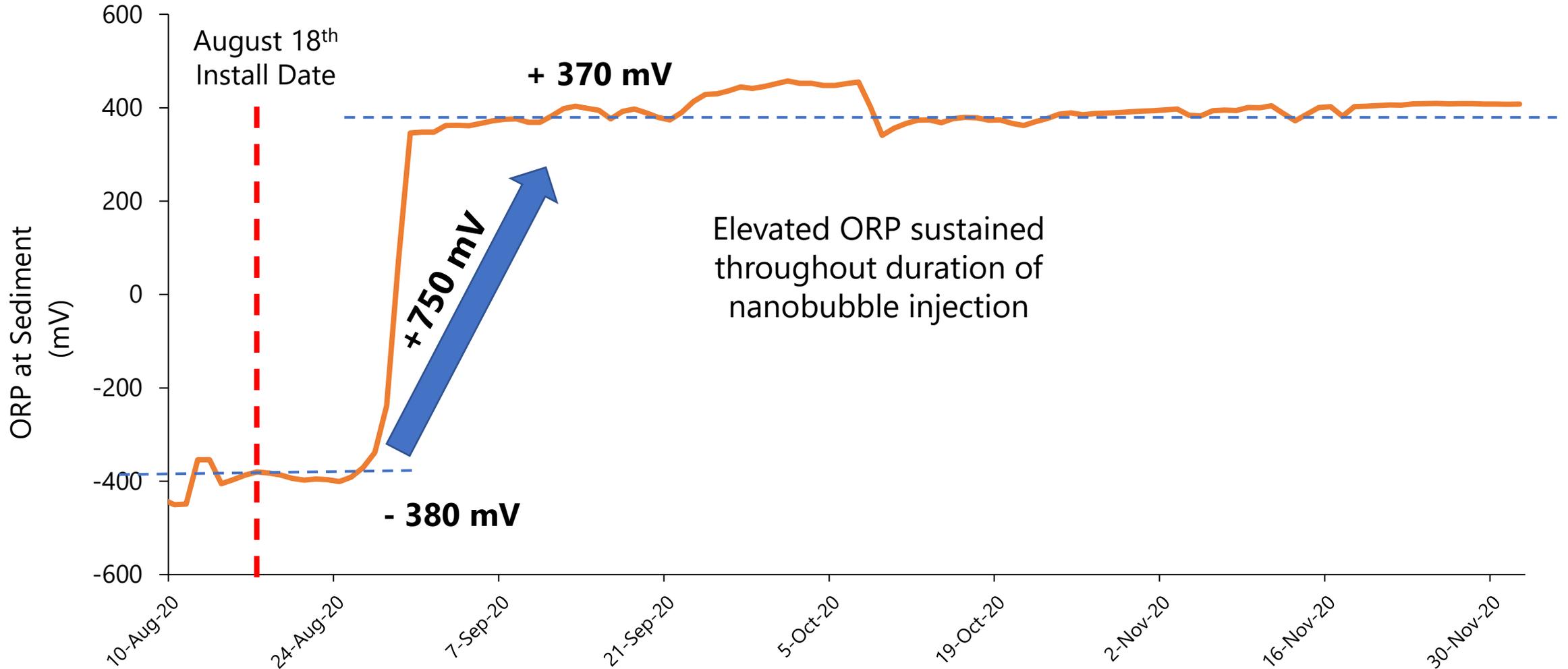
ORP at Sediment



A shift in ORP indicates a healthier, oxidative environment at the sediment

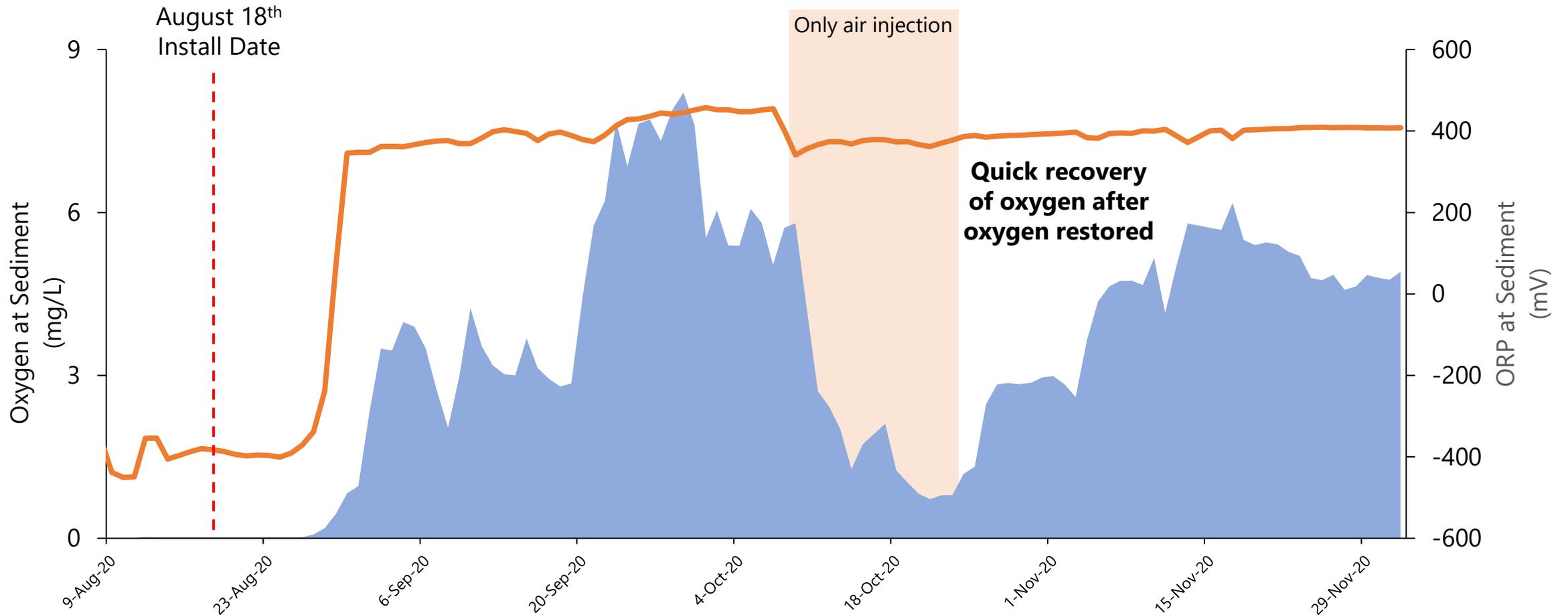
Redox (ORP)

East Bay, Lake Temescal



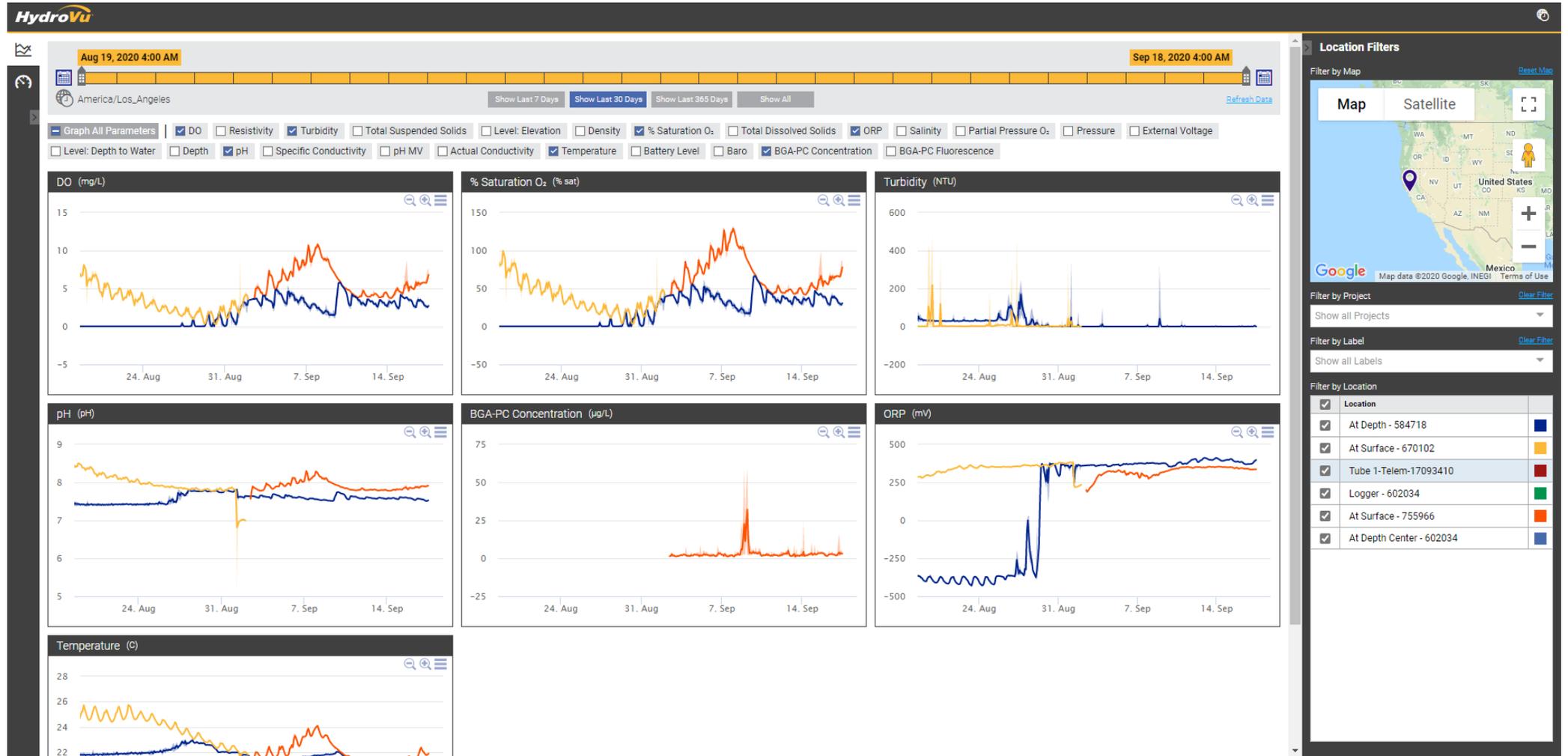
Dissolved Oxygen & ORP

The lake faced historical low dissolved oxygen and negative ORP levels



Real-Time Data Dashboard

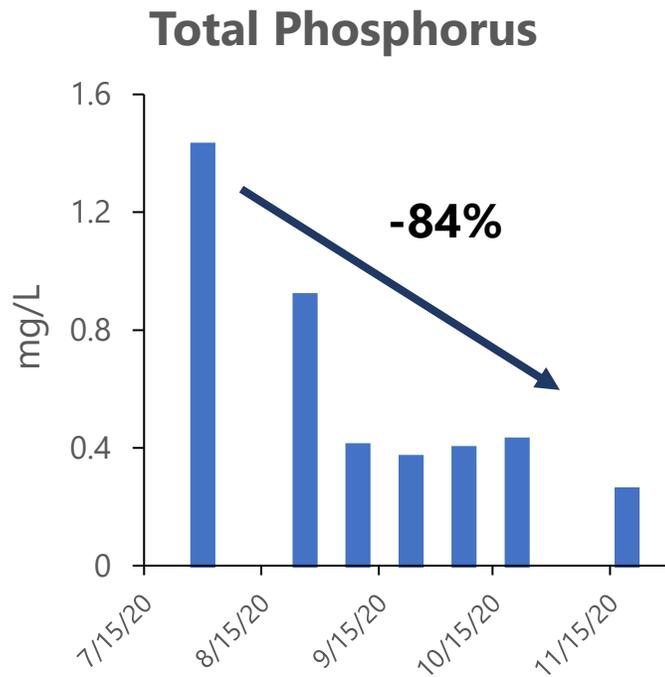
East Bay, Lake Temescal



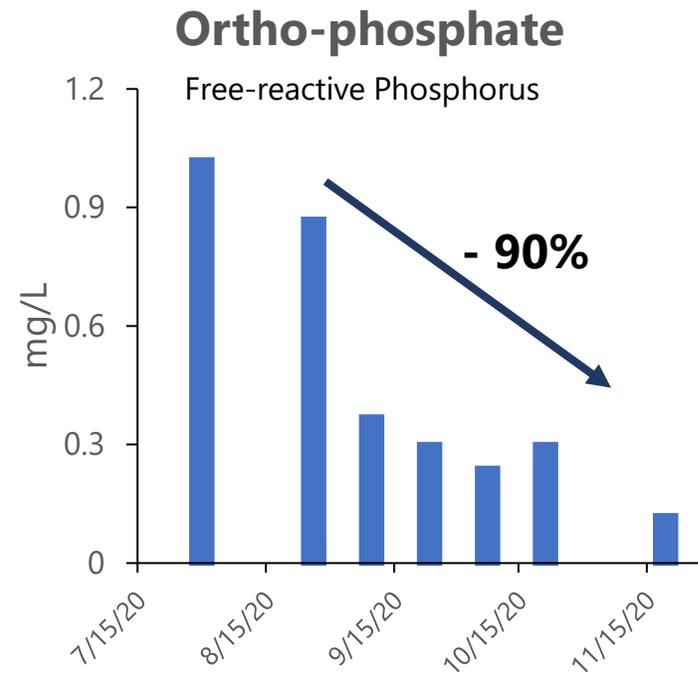
Phosphorus

Lake Temescal, California

- Dissolved oxygen and high ORP at depth sequestered phosphorus within 6-weeks of treatment.
- Reduced phosphorus weakens algae's ability to grow and bloom.



84% Phosphorus Reduction



90% Ortho-Phosphate Reduction



Phosphorus

Lake Temescal, California

